



Client Relationship Summary (Form CRS/Form ADV Part 3) – March 2024

Item 1: Introduction

Scharf Investments, LLC (“Scharf”, “we”, our “Firm”) is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an Investment Advisor. Client and prospective clients should be aware that services and fees differ between investment advisory services and brokers, and it is important for the retail investor to understand the differences. Free and simple tools are available to research firms and financial professionals at [Investor.gov/CRS](https://www.investor.gov/crs), which also provides educational materials about broker-dealers, investment advisers, and investing.

Item 2: Relationships and Services

What investment services and advice can you provide me?

Our firm offers investment advisory services to retail investors on a discretionary basis, meaning we select the securities to be bought and sold for you without asking in advance. We specialize in equity and fixed income investments through individual accounts, third party wrap fee programs and four mutual funds we advise. We will work with you to examine your current financial situation and financial goals, to understand your risk tolerance and investment time horizon and to develop your overall financial plan/investment strategy. You may place restrictions on your account in writing to us. We will review your account when you add or withdraw funds or change your investment objectives. We generally require a client to maintain an aggregate amount of \$500,000 in assets to either open or maintain a relationship with the Firm. Additional information regarding relationships and services can also be found in items 4 and 7 of the Firm’s [Form ADV Part 2A](#).

Conversation Starter: Given my financial situation, should I choose an investment advisory service? Why or why not? How will you choose investments to recommend to me? What is your relevant experience, including your licenses, education and other qualifications? What do these qualifications mean?

Item 3: Fees, Costs, Conflicts and Standard of Conduct

What fees will I pay?

You will pay Scharf a quarterly management fee based on a percentage of your assets under management. The more money you invest with Scharf the more fees you will pay; therefore, we have an incentive to encourage you to increase your assets in your account. If you are invested in one of the third-party wrap fee programs we manage, you will pay a fee directly to the wrap fee program and we will receive a portion of that fee for our management services. Fees paid to the wrap fee program are inclusive of transaction and custody fees paid to the broker-dealer and are therefore higher than typical asset-based advisory fees. If you are invested in the mutual fund we advise, in addition to our management fee, you will pay operating expenses for the mutual fund.

If we have a direct private portfolio management relationship with you, you will pay additional custodial fees, transaction fees and commissions to the broker dealers used to transact in your account. We also charge a performance fee if you qualify. Typically, if you do not pay a performance-based fee you will pay a higher asset-

based fee. The performance fee creates a conflict because we have an incentive to invest you in riskier assets to generate higher returns. You have the option to pay a fixed fee for our financial planning services as well.

You will pay fees and costs whether you make or lose money on your investments. Fees and costs will reduce any amount of money you make on your investments over time. Please make sure you understand what fees and costs you are paying. For additional information regarding our fees, please see item 5 of the Firm's [Form ADV Part 2A](#).

Conversation Starter: Help me understand how these fees and costs might affect my investments. If I give you \$10,000 to invest, how much will go to fees and costs, and how much will be invested for me?

What are your legal obligations to me when acting as my investment adviser? How else does your firm make money and what conflicts of interest do you have?

When we act as your investment adviser, we have to act in your best interest and not put our interest ahead of yours. At the same time, the way we make money creates some conflicts with your interests. You should understand and ask Scharf about these conflicts because they can affect the investment advice we provide you. For example, we advise four mutual funds in which we receive a management fee. We have a financial incentive to recommend these mutual funds as an investment in your portfolio. If we are advising your assets under a wrap program, directly, or through a sub advisory relationship and a portion of your assets are invested in our mutual fund, we will not charge you for the portion managed in the mutual fund to avoid duplication of management fees. For additional information regarding our conflicts, please see item 10 of the Firm's [Form ADV Part 2A](#).

Conversation Starter: How might your conflicts of interest affect me, and how will you address them?

How do your financial professionals make money?

Scharf's sales personnel are compensated based on a portion of the fees paid to Scharf for advisory services, creating a conflict in that they have incentive to recommend higher fee-generating products. Other Scharf personnel are compensated based on individual performance and growth of the business.

Item 4: Disciplinary History

Do you or your financial professionals have legal or disciplinary history?

No. Please visit [Investor.gov/CRS](https://investor.gov/CRS), for a free and simple tool to research our firm and financial professionals.

Conversation Starter: As a financial professional, do you have any disciplinary history? For what type of conduct?

Item 5: Additional Information

For additional information regarding our fees, services, and conflicts, please see our [Form ADV Part 2A](#), or visit our website at <https://scharfinvestments.com/>. Please contact Scharf at **831-429-6513** for more up-to-date information or request a copy of this client relationship summary.

Conversation Starter: Who is my primary contact person? Is he or she a representative of an investment adviser or a broker-dealer? Who can I talk to if I have concerns about how this person is treating me?



16450 Los Gatos Boulevard, Suite 207
Los Gatos, CA 95032
831.429.6513
scharfinvestments.com

Form ADV, Part 2A Brochure

March 11, 2024

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Scharf Investments, LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact our Chief Compliance Officer, at 831-429-6513 or info@scharfinvestments.com. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Scharf Investments, LLC is a registered investment adviser. Registration of an Investment Adviser does not imply a certain level of skill or training. Scharf Investments LLC's oral and written communications are intended to provide you with information that you may use to determine to hire or retain us to provide investment advice.

Additional information about Scharf Investments, LLC also is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

Item 2. Material Changes

There have been no material changes since our last filing on March 10, 2023.

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Item 4. Advisory Business

Scharf Investments, LLC (“Scharf” or the “Firm” or “Advisor” or “we”) is a limited liability company organized under the laws of the State of Delaware. The Firm is employee controlled and has been registered with the SEC since 1983. Brian A. Krawez is the Manager and serves as President and Chairman of the Investment Committee at Scharf. iM Square Holding 5 LLC is an owner of the Company. iM Square Holding 5 LLC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of iM Square SAS, a Paris-based investment and development platform dedicated to the asset management industry. Legendre Holding 36 is the principal owner of iM Square SAS. The principal owner of Legendre Holding 36 is Eurazeo SE, a European investment firm.

The Firm provides investment advice and portfolio management for individuals, registered investment companies (including UCITS), retirement accounts, trusts, family offices, corporations, endowments and foundations through separately managed client accounts. Scharf typically tailors its investment services to the individual needs of each client by managing each such account according to the strategy selected by the client. We principally, but not solely, invest in equity and fixed income securities that are traded publicly in both U.S. and foreign markets on behalf of clients, but are authorized to enter into any type of investment transaction that we deem appropriate, pursuant to the terms of a client’s account agreement. Scharf’s discretionary authority is limited, however, as described in Item 16.

Scharf offers financial planning services to clients. Focus areas may include, but are not limited to, retirement planning, estate planning, business succession planning, education planning, and investment planning. These services include assessing a client’s present financial situation and assisting with defining personal financial goals and objectives. The Firm will assist the client with implementation of agreed upon planning recommendations, but the client is fully responsible for all decisions related to implementation of the advice given. Scharf does not serve as a law firm, accounting firm, or insurance agency, and no portion of its services should be viewed as legal, accounting, or insurance implementation services. Accordingly, the Advisor does not prepare estate planning documents, tax returns, or sell insurance products. However, to the extent requested by a client, Scharf may recommend the services of other professionals for implementation purposes (i.e. attorneys, accountants, insurance agents, etc.). The client is under no obligation to engage the services of any recommended professional, and Scharf will not receive any compensation, directly or indirectly, for making such a referral.

The Firm participates in certain wrap fee programs acting as a sub-adviser to an investment sponsor. Scharf also participates in model-based Managed Accounts Programs. In such programs, the Firm shall provide the Program Sponsor non-discretionary investment advice through model portfolios. Investment management provided to wrap fee clients is substantially the same as that provided to non-wrap fee clients. However, certain wrap fee accounts may result in slightly different returns due to investment limitations imposed by investment restrictions, administrative restrictions, and the wrap fees imposed by wrap fee sponsors.

As of December 31, 2023, Scharf had assets under management of approximately \$4.5 billion. This consisted of \$3.2 billion in discretionary assets, and \$1.3 billion in non-discretionary assets.

Item 5. Fees and Compensation

Portfolio Management

As the investment adviser to multiple client accounts, Scharf typically holds a limited power of attorney to act on a discretionary basis with client funds. Client funds are deposited in either a brokerage firm or a bank custodian account. Scharf will typically deduct management fees and performance fees directly from client accounts, but may bill a client separately for such amounts.

In addition to Scharf's management fees, each client account is responsible for its own costs and expenses, including trading costs and expenses such as brokerage commissions and clearing and settlement charges.

For further information on brokerage practices see Item 12. Accounts that invest in mutual funds also pay, indirectly, investment advisory fees to the managers of those funds; except that no management fee is charged on the portion of a client's account that is invested in the Scharf Fund, the Scharf Multi-Asset Opportunity Fund, and the Scharf Global Opportunity Fund (collectively, the "Funds" or the "Scharf Funds"), for which Scharf serves as the investment adviser. Scharf instead receives the management fee described below directly from the Funds.

Scharf's fee schedule for services provided directly, through shared client/dual-contract relationships, and as a sub-adviser (for example, through a wrap-fee program) are described below:

Direct Clients

Premier Account Solutions

A client signs an investment advisory agreement with Scharf for management of the client's individual accounts. Compensation provided to Scharf is negotiable and based on a variety of factors, including but not limited to the type of client (such as employee retirement plans), the complexity of the client's situation, and the total amount of assets under management for the household or larger relationship. For new clients, Scharf typically charges only an Asset Based Fee or a combination of an Asset Based Fee and a Performance Fee.

For Equity Solution clients who pay only an Asset Based Fee, the typical Asset Based Fee is an annual fee of 1.25% on the first \$3,000,000 of assets under management, plus 0.80% over \$3 million and up to \$5 million; any balance over \$5 million is subject to an institutional pricing schedule.

For Multi-Asset Solution clients who pay only an Asset Based Fee, the typical Asset Based Fee is an annual fee of 1.0% on the first \$3,000,000 of assets under management, plus 0.75% over \$3 million and up to \$5 million; any balance over \$5 million is subject to an institutional pricing schedule.

For Fixed Income Solution clients who pay only an Asset Based Fee, the typical Asset Based Fee is an annual fee of 0.5% on the first \$5,000,000 of assets under management, any balance over \$5 million is subject to an institutional pricing schedule.

For Equity Solution clients who pay an Asset Based Fee and a Performance Fee, the typical Asset Based Fee includes an annual fee of 0.4% on the first \$5,000,000 of assets under management; any balance over \$5 million is subject to an institutional pricing schedule, plus a Performance Fee equal to 12% of net profits of the account (including both realized and unrealized gains and losses). Performance Fees are assessed in arrears on an annual basis and are only applied to profits that exceed the cumulative losses previously incurred by or allocated to the respective clients. Scharf complies with Rule 205-3 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940,

as amended, to the extent required by applicable law. Performance Fees may create an incentive for Scharf to make more risky and speculative investments than it would otherwise make.

The Asset Based Fees are typically payable in advance in quarterly installments at the beginning of each calendar quarter based on the net market value of the client's account on the date the fee accrues and becomes payable.

If a client contributes capital to the Account, including its initial capital, on a date other than the first day of a calendar quarter, the Account will be charged a prorated portion of the Asset Based Fee for that calendar quarter with respect to such contribution, based on the number of days remaining in that calendar quarter and based on the net market value of the contributed capital on the opening of trading on the date of such contribution. Such fees will be added to and payable with the Asset Based Fee for the following quarter.

If a client withdraws assets from the Account on any date other than the last day of a calendar quarter, the Asset Based Fee previously paid with respect to that calendar quarter shall be prorated based on the number of days elapsed in that quarter prior to the withdrawal, and the unearned portion shall be deducted from the next quarterly Asset Based Fees.

In calculating Account value (and Account profits in the case of a Performance Fee) at quarter end, Scharf utilizes trade date accounting where margin debt is not deducted from the value of the Account.

Except as may be otherwise negotiated in particular cases, a client may terminate an individually managed account by giving written notice. Expenses and the pro rata portion of the annual fee through the date of termination are charged to the client. All prepaid but unearned advisory fees are refunded to the client on termination of an account.

Shared Clients/Dual Contract

Scharf provides investment advisory service for shared clients introduced to Scharf by third party investment advisers or brokers. The client signs investment agreements with both the referring third party and Scharf. Scharf is only responsible for advising and managing those assets allocated to Scharf upon the direction of either the client or the third party. The third party is responsible for obtaining and evaluating information regarding the identity, circumstances, financial condition, tax situation, regulatory status and financial needs and goals of the shared client so that the third party can evaluate whether the investment guidelines of the shared client are appropriate and suitable. The third party reviews the investment guidelines set forth in each investment management agreement between Scharf and each shared client, as they may be amended from time to time, and informs Scharf and each shared client if any such investment guidelines are not appropriate or suitable for any such shared client. Scharf periodically communicates investment performance and portfolio commentary to the third party, which employs its own discretion in forwarding such information to the client.

Shared/dual contract clients, whether Multi-Asset or Equity, typically pay Scharf an Asset Based Fee ranging from 0.50% to 0.90% of the value of the Account. Fees vary based on the type of product provided, the complexity and level of service provided, the number of different accounts and the total assets under management for that client and related clients, other services provided by the third-party adviser, other administrative services provided, or other circumstances or factors that Scharf deems relevant. Fees are charged as set forth under Direct Client relationships.

Sub-Advisory/Wrap Fee Relationships

Scharf has been retained as a portfolio sub-advisor for an investment sponsor who contracts with the client. In this role Scharf may act as a sub-adviser to the sponsor, or the sponsor may receive Scharf's model portfolio and, based on that model, the sponsor may exercise investment discretion. As in the Shared Clients/Dual Contract relationship described above, the sponsor (not Scharf) determines each client's investment objectives and suitability. After an account has been established, Scharf may be available to communicate from time to time with the client or the sponsor on matters concerning the client's investments that Scharf is sub-advising. Sub-Advisory/Wrap Fee relationships typically pay an Asset Based Fee ranging from 0.390% to 0.65%, which is set forth in each sponsor's agreement with Scharf.

Pooled Investment Vehicles

Scharf serves as the investment adviser to three registered investment companies: the Scharf Fund, the Scharf Multi-Asset Opportunity Fund, and the Scharf Global Opportunity Fund. The Funds are open-ended management investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Scharf receives a monthly advisory fee from each Fund which are described in the registration statements and/or financial filings of the Funds, which are available on-line at <http://www.scharffunds.com>. The fees of the Funds generally include a management fee, other fund expenses and distribution fees.

The Firm serves as a sub-advisor to the iMGP Global Select Fund. Scharf manages approximately 25-35% of this Fund and receives a monthly advisory fee from the Fund. For more information, please refer to the prospectus for this Fund which can be obtained by visiting <https://imgpfunds.com/global-select-fund/> or by calling 1-800-960-0188.

In addition, Scharf serves as investment advisor to the iM Global Partner Asset Management SA— iMGP US Value Fund and Global Concentrate Fund. Both UCITS products are for non-U.S. investors. Scharf receives an advisory fee from each UCIT which is incorporated in Luxembourg and those fees are described in the registration statements and/or financial filings of each fund. The fees of the UCITs generally includes a management fee, other expenses and distribution fees.

Scharf Mutual Fund Accounts – Scharf Select

Scharf provides discretionary individual account management for some clients that invest their account solely in Scharf Funds and cash equivalents, and provides certain financial planning services for some of these clients. Advisory services provided under the Scharf Select program include portfolio management with account rebalancing, annual account reviews, and invitations to certain Scharf events. All fees paid to Scharf for Scharf Select investment advisory services are in addition to the fees and expenses charged by Scharf Funds to their shareholders.

Financial Planning

Scharf charges a fee for certain Financial Plans typically beginning at \$2,500 and may increase depending on the type and complexity of the Financial Plan. Fees can vary by client, scope of engagement, and complexity of situation, among other factors. For certain new written financial plans, the first half of the planning fee is typically due upon signing and execution of the planning engagement, and the second half is due upon the delivery of the written Financial Plan. Scharf does not charge a fee for financial planning provided to investment advisory clients. Any client choosing to engage Scharf for investment advisory services after a Financial Plan will receive a credit towards their management fee in their second full quarter of investment management.

Except as may be otherwise negotiated in particular cases, a client may terminate such accounts or agreements by giving written notice.

Item 6. Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

For qualified clients, Scharf manages accounts that pay performance-based compensation as described in Item 5 and accounts that do not pay performance-based compensation. Typically, an account that does not pay performance-based compensation pays a higher asset-based fee. Regardless, Scharf has a conflict of interest if, in any time period, one fee structure would cause higher fees to Scharf than the other fee structure, because Scharf would have an incentive to favor the account that would pay the higher fees.

To address this conflict, Scharf has adopted policies designed to ensure that we treat all Clients equitably in allocating investment opportunities over time. These policies include trade allocation and aggregation policies, and Scharf's Code of Ethics which governs the behavior of all employees, review procedures designed to identify unfair or unequal treatment of accounts, and periodic performance reviews to identify potential problems. We do not consider fee structures in allocating investment opportunities.

Item 7. Types of Clients

Scharf provides portfolio management for individuals, retirement accounts, trusts, family offices, corporations, endowments, foundations, and investment companies (e.g., registered investment companies, UCITS). In addition, Scharf also offers model portfolios through Unified Managed Account (UMA) Program sponsors on a non-discretionary basis. Scharf typically has a relationship minimum of \$1,000,000 of assets under management for Direct Clients.

Item 8. Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

Equity Portfolios

Scharf seeks to identify companies with low valuations combined with consistent and sustainable earnings, cash flow and/or book value to construct portfolios which typically consist of 25-35 stocks. Scharf's preference for earning predictability and mitigation of downside risk has generally resulted in portfolios with a large cap bias. However, Scharf's proprietary screen applies across the investment spectrum as the Firm searches for compelling investments in companies large and small, foreign and domestic.

The Multi-factor Analytical Performance (MAP) Screen identifies stocks that the investment team believes have appreciation potential of at least 30–40% over the next 12–24 months due to the exponential interaction of improved valuations applied to stable and rising per share earnings, cash flow and/or book value.

Integral to the strategy is risk management. Scharf builds and monitors Favorability Ratios - upside potential/downside risk - for each stock and seeks to provide diversification by limiting exposure to individual stocks and industries.

Multi-Asset Portfolio

Multi-Asset accounts combine the appreciation potential of equities with the capital preservation and income generation qualities of fixed income investments. A typical Multi-Asset portfolio consists of about 70% common stocks, generally the same 25-35 companies in equity accounts. The remainder is allocated to investments other than common stocks, including bonds, preferred stocks, and other high-quality income generating instruments.

Fixed Income Portfolio

The investment object of the Fixed Income Portfolio is to provide current income, consistent with preservation of capital. Securities are evaluated through our quantitative and qualitative research process. Investments are selected based on their relative value with a focus on minimizing risk. We seek investments in high quality bonds and fixed income alternatives, suitable for either taxable or non-taxable money, at attractive valuations. At times, cash is employed when income yielding security risk-reward ratios are not compelling.

Hedged Portfolio

The objective of the Scharf Hedged Portfolio is to provide lower, value-added returns for client accounts by hedging market exposure. Long positions are designed to track relevant benchmarks in rising markets and lose significantly less than benchmarks in falling markets. A typical portfolio consists of 25-35 stocks judged to have the best quantitative and qualitative characteristics based on Scharf's analysis. Short positions are designed to partially hedge the portfolio against market declines.

All Strategies

The investment strategies summarized above represent Scharf's current intentions, are general in nature and are not exhaustive. The investment strategies may shift, depending on conditions and trends in securities markets and the economy generally.

ESG Integration

Scharf has integrated environmental, social and governance (ESG) considerations into the work we do to preserve and grow capital for institutional and individual investors since our founding amidst the redwood trees of California's Central Coast. Our investment process has focused on quality—specifically, sustainable earnings over an economic cycle—and risk mitigation—modeling downside risk as much as upside returns and demanding a spread between value and price since inception. As a result, we believe this creates portfolios of sustainable businesses with compelling Carbon and ESG Risk scores. We believe buying high quality companies at compelling valuations is foundational to long-term investment success.

Risk Factors

Investing in securities involves risk of loss that clients should be prepared to bear. Below are some of the risks that investors should consider before investing in any account that Scharf manages. Any or all of such risks could materially and adversely affect investment performance, the value of any account or any security held in an account, and could cause investors to lose substantial amounts of money. Potential investors should review all material from Scharf carefully and in its entirety, and consult with their professional advisers before deciding whether to invest.

- Counterparties such as brokers, dealers and custodians administrators with which Scharf does business on behalf of clients may default on their obligations. For example, a client may lose its assets on deposit with a broker if the broker, its clearing broker or an exchange clearing house becomes bankrupt.
- Scharf may cause clients to invest in securities of non-U.S., private and government issuers. The risks of these investments include political risks; adverse economic developments in the country in which the issuer is located; limitations on foreign investment in any such country; currency exchange risks; withholding taxes; limited information about the issuer; limited liquidity; and limited regulatory oversight.

- Some of an account's positions may be or become illiquid, in which case Scharf may not be able to sell such positions.
- An account's investments may not be diversified.
- If authorized by a client, Scharf may use leverage by borrowing on margin, which may increase volatility and risk.
- Scharf may take positions in securities of small, unseasoned companies that are less actively traded and more volatile than those of larger companies.
- Client accounts may not achieve their investment objectives. An account strategy may not be successful and investors may lose some or all of their investment.
- Investor sentiment on the market, an industry or an individual stock, fixed income or other security is not predictable and can adversely affect an account's investments.
- An account may hold stocks that fail to meet earnings expectations and decline, and may short stocks that beat earnings expectations and rise.
- Changes in economic conditions can adversely affect investment performance. At times, economic conditions in the U.S. and elsewhere have deteriorated significantly, resulting in volatile securities markets and large investment losses.
- Scharf may not be able to obtain complete or accurate information about an investment and may misinterpret the information that it does receive. Scharf also may receive material, non-public information about an issuer that prevents it from trading securities of that issuer for a client when the client could make a profit or avoid losses.
- An account may have higher portfolio turnover and transaction costs than a similar account managed by another investment adviser. These costs reduce investment returns and potential profit or increase loss.
- Scharf determines the value of securities held in client accounts, typically using third-party market data. If Scharf's valuation is inaccurate, it might receive more compensation than that to which it is entitled.
- The attorneys who represent Scharf or its manager do not represent clients. Clients must hire their own counsel for legal advice and representation.
- An account custodian or any government agency may freeze assets that any of them believes a client holds in violation of anti-money laundering laws or rules or on behalf of a suspected terrorist, and may transfer such assets to a government agency.
- Scharf's activities could cause adverse tax consequences to clients and investors, including liability for interest and penalties.

The above is only a brief summary of some of the important risks that a client or investor may encounter. Before deciding to invest with Scharf, you should consider carefully all of the risk factors and other information.

Item 9. Disciplinary Information

This Item is inapplicable.

Item 10. Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

As discussed in Item 5, Scharf serves as the investment adviser to registered investment companies; the Scharf Fund, the Scharf Multi-Asset Opportunity Fund, and the Scharf Global Opportunity Fund. The Firm and each of the Funds files a commodity pool exemption with the National Futures Association. Pursuant to certain provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940, Scharf may be deemed to control, and may therefore be considered a “related person” of, these funds.

Scharf is affiliated through common ownership with iM Global Partner SAS, a Paris-based asset management company; iM Global Partner US, LLC, an SEC-registered investment adviser; and iM Global US Distributors LLC, an SEC-registered broker-dealer (collectively, “iM Global”) and has entered into arrangements with iM Global pursuant to which iM Global may refer to Scharf prospective clients and investors in funds managed by Scharf, and receive compensation from Scharf for any such referrals. Please see Item 14 for further information on Scharf’s practices with respect to client referrals.

Item 11. Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

Scharf has adopted a Code of Ethics in compliance with Rule 204A-1 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 that establishes standards of conduct for Scharf’s employees. The Code of Ethics includes general requirements that Scharf’s employees comply with their fiduciary obligations to clients and applicable securities laws, and specific requirements relating to, among other things, personal trading, insider trading, conflicts of interest and confidentiality of client information. It requires employees to report their personal securities transactions and holdings to Scharf’s Chief Compliance Officer (“CCO”), and requires the CCO to review those reports. It also requires employees to report any violations of the Code of Ethics promptly to the CCO. Each employee of Scharf receives a copy of the Code of Ethics and any amendments to it, and must acknowledge in writing having received those materials. Annually, each employee must certify that he or she complied with the Code of Ethics during the preceding year. Clients and prospective clients may obtain a copy of Scharf’s Code of Ethics by contacting Jason Marcus at 831-429-6513.

Under Scharf’s Code of Ethics, Scharf and its managers, members and employees may personally invest in securities of the same classes as Scharf purchases for clients and may own securities of issuers whose securities Scharf subsequently purchases for clients. This practice creates a conflict of interest in that any of such person can use his or her knowledge about actual or proposed securities transactions and recommendations for a client account to profit personally by the market effect of such transactions and recommendations. Scharf and its employees may also buy or sell specific securities for their own accounts based on personal investment considerations aside from company or industry fundamentals, which Scharf does not believe appropriate to buy or sell for clients. Scharf employees must typically receive preapproval for personal securities transactions.

Because Scharf manages more than one account, there may be conflicts of interest over the time devoted to managing any one account and allocating investment opportunities among all accounts that it manages. Scharf selects investments for each client based solely on investment considerations for that client. Different clients may have differing investment strategies and expected levels of trading. For example, trading levels may be higher for the Scharf Funds in comparison to other client accounts as the Funds regularly receive assets flows due to shareholder subscriptions and redemptions. Scharf may buy (or sell) a security for one type of client but not for another, or may buy (or sell) a security for one type of client while simultaneously buying or selling the same security for another type of client.

Scharf attempts to resolve all such conflicts in a manner that is generally fair to all of its clients. Scharf may give advice to, and take action on behalf of, any of its clients that differs from the advice that it gives or the timing or nature of action that it takes on behalf of any other client so long as it is Scharf's policy, to the extent practicable, to allocate investment opportunities to its clients fairly and equitably over time. In addition, Scharf may allocate some small securities positions to the Scharf Funds that would be impractical or undesirable to allocate to other accounts due to odd lot size allocations and increased transaction costs for other accounts. Scharf is not obligated to acquire for any account any security that Scharf or its managers, members or employees may acquire for its or their own accounts or for any other client, if in Scharf's absolute discretion, it is not practical or desirable to acquire a position in such security for that account. Some investments which may not be practical to buy for certain accounts include but are not limited to: 144A securities, limited partnerships, derivative securities, bank debt, sovereign debt, and foreign stock from certain jurisdictions.

Scharf may also recommend to clients that they invest in the Scharf Funds, which are advised by Scharf and from which Scharf derives management fees.

Item 12. Brokerage Practices

Selection Criteria

Scharf generally has discretion in selecting the broker that it uses for client transactions and the commission rates that clients pay such brokers. In selecting a broker for any transaction or series of transactions, Scharf may consider a number of factors, including, for example, net price, clearance, settlement, reputation, financial strength and stability, efficiency of execution and error resolution, block trading and block positioning capabilities, willingness to execute related or unrelated difficult transactions in the future, special execution capabilities, order of call, offering to Scharf on-line access to computerized data regarding clients' accounts, computer trading systems and the availability of stocks to borrow for short trades.

Soft Dollars

Scharf may also purchase from a broker or allow a broker to pay for the following (each a "soft dollar" relationship): certain research services, economic and market information, portfolio strategy advice, industry and company comments, technical data, recommendations, research conferences, general reports, consultations, performance measurement data, on-line pricing, quotation services, custody, recordkeeping and similar services, computer software and the like. Scharf may also allocate the costs of certain computer equipment and software used for both research and non-research purposes between their research and non-research uses, and use soft dollars to pay only for the portion that Scharf allocates to research uses.

Scharf may pay to a broker commissions and mark-ups that exceed those that another broker might charge for effecting the same transaction because of the value of the brokerage, research, other services and soft dollar relationships that such broker provides. If Scharf determines in good faith that such compensation is reasonable in relation to the value of such brokerage, research, other services and soft dollar relationships, in terms of either the specific transaction or Scharf's overall fiduciary duty to its clients, then Scharf will direct trades to that broker. An account may, however, pay higher commissions and mark-ups than are otherwise available or may pay more commissions or mark-ups based on account trading activity. Although Scharf does not pay directly for these services, the research and other benefits resulting from Scharf's brokerage relationships benefit Scharf's operations as a whole and all accounts that it manages, including those that do not generate the soft dollars that pay for such research and other benefits and accounts of clients that direct Scharf to use a broker that does not provide Scharf with soft dollar services. Scharf does not allocate soft dollar

benefits to client accounts proportionately to the soft dollar credits that the accounts generate. Scharf's relationships with brokers that provide soft dollar services influence Scharf's judgment and create conflicts of interest in allocating brokerage business between firms that provide soft dollar services and firms that do not, and in allocating the costs of mixed-use products between their research and non-research uses. Scharf has an incentive to select or recommend a broker based on Scharf's interest in receiving soft dollar services rather than clients' interest in receiving the most favorable execution. These conflicts of interest are particularly influential to the extent that Scharf uses soft dollars to pay expenses it would otherwise be required to pay itself.

Scharf has addressed these conflicts of interest by periodically evaluating the trade execution services that Scharf receives from the brokers that it uses to execute trades for clients. Such evaluation includes comparing those services to the services available from other brokers. Scharf considers, among other things, alternative market makers and market centers, the quality of execution services, the value of continuing with various soft dollar services and adding or removing brokers, increasing or decreasing targets for each broker and the appropriate level of commission rates.

Trade Aggregation

Scharf may aggregate securities sale and purchase orders for a client with similar orders being made contemporaneously for other accounts that Scharf manages or with accounts of its affiliates. In such event, Scharf may charge or credit a client, as the case may be, the average transaction price of all securities purchased or sold in such transactions. As a result, however, the price may be less favorable to the client than it would be if Scharf were not executing similar transactions concurrently for other accounts. Scharf may also cause a client to buy or sell securities directly from or to another client, if such a cross-transaction is in the interests of both clients.

Trade Errors

Scharf's policies and procedures generally provide that if Scharf makes an error while placing a trade for a client account (whether that error results in a gain or a loss), Scharf corrects the error as quickly as possible (which may include moving the trade to an "error account" held by Scharf) and bears all costs and retains all gains (if any) of correcting the error, unless otherwise provided in a client's agreement with Scharf.

Client-Directed Brokerage

If a client directs Scharf to use a specific broker, Scharf may be unable to achieve most favorable execution of client transactions, because it has not negotiated the terms and conditions (including, among others, commission rates) relating to the services provided by such broker. Scharf is not responsible for obtaining from any such broker the best prices or particular commission rates. A client that directs Scharf to use a specific broker may not be able to participate in aggregate securities transactions and may trade after such aggregate transactions and receive less favorable pricing and execution. The client may pay higher commissions and mark-ups than it would pay if Scharf had discretion to select broker-dealers other than those that the client chooses.

Trade Rotation

Scharf endeavors to treat Client Accounts fairly and equitably over time with respect to trading sequencing rotation and allocation. The Firm employs a trade rotation policy when executing trades for all Client Accounts. The trade rotation is created using a random number generator, and all rotations are saved for each trading day. Scharf need not follow this Rotation Policy: (1) if the Firm determines that a particular Sponsor or wrap program has procedures for the transmission of transaction instructions to the Sponsor that are unusually restrictive or lengthy; or (2) if the Chief Compliance Officer approves, in advance, the application of any other exception to the Trade Rotation Policy, provided it is determined that all affected Client Accounts receive fair

treatment. While this policy is designed to treat all Client Accounts in a fair and equitable manner over time, on any given order, some accounts may trade before other accounts, and some accounts may receive more favorable pricing than other accounts for the same security.

Cross Trades

In rare occasions and only when in the client's best interest, Scharf will execute cross trades with certain bonds and illiquid securities. When availability and liquidity of a security is scarce, Scharf will obtain pricing (bids) based on independent third-party pricing services. Trades will be processed with an independent third-party broker-dealer, most often Charles Schwab or Fidelity. Cross transactions must be beneficial to both the buyer and seller. Scharf has policies in place to ensure the cross is beneficial to all parties involved. Commissions and other costs will be charged by the executing broker.

Item 13. Review of Accounts

Scharf's portfolio accounting system is reconciled with Scharf's broker/custodian records on a daily basis. All accounts are reviewed as needed by Scharf. Global account reviews, which encompass decisions regarding initiating, maintaining, increasing or decreasing one or more securities positions across multiple accounts may be triggered by events such as changes in market evaluations and fundamental business developments. Individual account reviews may be triggered by events such as additions to or subtractions from funds under management, modifications in investment objectives, etc.

Scharf's clients receive independent trade confirmations and statements of their account(s) from the institution(s) where the account is held. These statements typically list their holdings, the value of their holdings, the estimated income from all holdings other than cash, dividends received, interest paid or charged, and debit or credit balance, if any. Scharf sends quarterly reports to direct clients which show account positions, cost basis, and unrealized gains/losses. Included with this report is a quarterly letter which contains performance information for distribution to all clients.

Clients through shared/dual-contracts or sub-advisory/wrap-fee relationships receive reports, if any, as set forth in the arrangement with the client's primary adviser.

Item 14. Client Referrals and Other Compensation

Scharf compensates third-party solicitors for client referrals. Scharf's arrangements with third-party solicitors may vary. In a typical referral arrangement, Scharf agrees to pay the solicitor a referral fee calculated as a percentage of the management fees received from referred clients, and the solicitor agrees to disclose the referral arrangement to prospective clients. These arrangements are intended to address the requirements of Rule 206(4)-1 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. Any compensation paid pursuant to these arrangements creates an incentive for the solicitor to recommend Scharf, resulting in a material conflict of interest.

Item 15. Custody

Scharf does not intend to take physical custody of client assets; client assets will be held in brokerage accounts or with third party custodians under which Scharf's clients will grant to Scharf discretion to place trades. If Scharf directly debits advisory fees from a client account, Scharf is deemed to have custody of the client's

account. The custodian of each individually managed account sends account statements at least quarterly to the client. Each client should carefully review those statements and compare them with the statements that such client receives directly from Scharf as described in Item 13.

Item 16. Investment Discretion

Scharf typically has discretionary authority to manage investment accounts on behalf of its clients pursuant to a limited power of attorney in each client's Investment Advisory Agreement. Such discretion is limited by the requirement that each client advise Scharf of: the investment objectives of the account; any changes or modifications to those objectives; and any specific investment restrictions relating to the account. Each client should consult directly with Scharf on a periodic basis regarding the client's investment objectives and guidelines.

A client must promptly notify Scharf in writing if the client considers any investments recommended or made for the account to violate such objectives or restrictions. A client may at any time direct Scharf to sell any securities or take such other lawful actions as the client may specify to cause the account to comply with the client's investment objectives. In addition, a client may notify Scharf at any time not to invest any funds in the client's account in specific securities or specific categories of securities.

For certain clients, Scharf may provide nondiscretionary investment advice with respect to investment accounts. In those cases, Scharf may have a limited power-of-attorney to execute transactions in accordance with the client's instructions.

Item 17. Voting Client Securities

The majority of Scharf's clients have provided the Firm with proxy voting authority. If Scharf has been granted proxy voting authority over an account, Scharf will vote all proxies based on Scharf's determination of the best interests of that account. In determining whether a proposal serves the best interests of an account, Scharf will consider a number of factors, including the economic effect of the proposal on shareholder value, the threat posed by the proposal to existing rights of shareholders, the dilution of existing shares that would result from the proposal, the effect of the proposal on management or director accountability to shareholders, and, if the proposal is a shareholder initiative, whether it wastes time and resources of the company or reflects the grievance of one individual. Scharf will abstain from voting proxies when Scharf believes that it is appropriate to do so. Nonetheless, in instances when Scharf has proxy voting authority over an account, the client is permitted to direct its vote in a particular solicitation.

If a material conflict of interest over proxy voting arises between Scharf and a client, Scharf will vote all proxies in accordance with the policy described above. If Scharf determines that this policy does not adequately address the conflict of interest, Scharf will notify the client of the conflict and request that the client consent to Scharf's intended response to the proxy solicitation. If the client consents to Scharf's intended response or fails to respond to the notice within a reasonable time specified in the notice, Scharf will vote the proxy as described in the notice. If the client objects in writing to Scharf's intended response within the reasonable time specified in the notice, Scharf will vote the proxy as directed by the client.

Scharf has adopted proxy guidelines that promote shareholder returns and are consistent with sustainable investing. We use Institutional Shareholder Services (ISS) as a proxy service advisor to supplement our ESG

research and help inform our voting from that perspective. We will vote against management recommendations if we are not confident that the result will be in the best interest of shareholders. We report our voting history and the percentage of time we vote with or against management.

A client can obtain a copy of Scharf's proxy voting policy and a record of votes cast by Scharf on behalf of that client by contacting Jason Marcus at 831-429-6513.

Item 18. Financial Information

This Item is not applicable.

Privacy Policy

Scharf collects non-public personal information about its clients from the following sources:

- Information received from clients on applications or other forms;
- Information about clients' transactions with Scharf, its affiliates or others.

Scharf does not disclose any non-public personal information about its clients or former clients to anyone, except as permitted by law.

Scharf restricts access to non-public personal information about its clients to its employees and certain third parties for Scharf to provide services to clients. Scharf maintains physical, electronic and procedural safeguards that comply with federal standards to guard clients' personal information.



16450 Los Gatos Boulevard, Suite 207
Los Gatos, CA 95032
831.429.6513
scharfinvestments.com

Form ADV, Part 2B Brochure

March 11, 2024

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Scharf Investments, LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact our Chief Compliance Officer, at 831-429-6513 or info@scharfinvestments.com. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about Scharf and supervised persons is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

Item 2. Educational Background and Experience

Brian Krawez, CFA*

Brian Krawez joined Scharf Investments in 2007. He is President of Scharf Investments and Chairman of the Investment Committee. Mr. Krawez is the Manager and majority owner of the Firm. Mr. Krawez was born in 1973 and earned his Bachelor of Science degree in 1994 from the University of California at Berkeley. He later earned his Master of Business Administration from the University of California at Berkeley in 2002. While at UC Berkeley Mr. Krawez worked for Professor Janet Yellen.

Prior to joining Scharf in 2007, Mr. Krawez was a Partner and head of research for Belden and Associates Investment Counsel where he managed a successful large blend portfolio. Mr. Krawez began his career with Smith Barney where he was as a top-rated investment banking analyst focusing on health care. He has also held research analyst positions at Dodge & Cox, Telegraph Hill Investment Counsel, and SC Fundamental, a successful value-oriented hedge fund. Mr. Krawez earned his CFA designation in 2004 and is a member of the Security Analysts of San Francisco.

Eric Lynch

Eric Lynch joined Scharf Investments in 2007. He is a Managing Director and a member of the Investment Committee. He was born in 1971 and earned his Bachelor of Arts degree in 1993 from John Carroll University. He earned his Master Business Administration from the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.

Prior to joining Scharf in 2007, Mr. Lynch contributed research to Scharf beginning in 2005 through his registered investment advisory firm, Lynch Capital Management. Until 2005, he was Co-Chief Operating Officer, Research Analyst and Portfolio Manager at Polen Capital Management, a top-ranked investment firm. He successfully directed the firm's institutional effort for three years. Prior to his investment career, Mr. Lynch spent several years as a management consultant with Accenture and Price Waterhouse-Japan serving Fortune 500 client companies in Consumer Services and Capital Markets.

Debbie Robinson

Debbie Robinson is a Director of Wealth Management and joined Scharf Investments in 2011. She was born in 1969 and earned a Bachelor of Arts degree in Psychology and a minor in Business Administration from Sonoma State University in 1992.

Prior to joining Scharf, Ms. Robinson worked as a Portfolio Associate and Equity Trader for Mt. Eden Investment Advisors, a registered investment advisor based in San Francisco from 2005-2011. She also worked for Telegraph Hill Investment Counsel prior to their merger with Mt. Eden. Her responsibilities in this role included trading, operations, portfolio accounting, and client administration.

Aaron Miller, CFA*

Aaron Miller is a Client Portfolio Manager and joined Scharf Investments in 2019. He was born in 1982 and earned a Bachelor of Science degree in Economics from Kennesaw State University in 2009. He also earned a Master of Business Administration with a concentration in Finance from Northeastern University in 2012.

Prior to joining Scharf Investments, Aaron worked as an investment management specialist at Wells Fargo Private Bank in Atlanta, GA from 2014 to 2019 where he worked with ultra-high net worth clients on portfolio management activities including: portfolio construction, asset allocation and IPS development. Aaron holds the Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) designation and is a member of the CFA Society of Atlanta.

Thaddeus Heggeness

Thaddeus Heggeness is a Wealth Manager who joined Scharf Investments in 2020. He was born in 1989 and earned a Bachelors of Science in Economics with Financial Applications, a Bachelor of Arts degree in Public Policy, and a minor in Political Science from Southern Methodist University in 2011. He earned a Master of Science in Corporate and Sustainable Finance from KEDGE Business School in Marseille, France in 2020.

Prior to joining Scharf Investments, Thad worked as a Financial Advisor with the Klein Group at RBC Wealth Management in Newport Beach, California from 2015-2018 where he created sophisticated and personalized wealth planning solutions for highly compensated individuals with complex estate issues. In addition he was a driver behind RBC's implementation of a firmwide Charitable Gift Annuity program. He also has previous experience working as a Financial Advisor at RBC with the Tax & Financial Group from 2014-2015 and with Morgan Stanley from 2013-2014.

Marcus Poteete, CFP®

Marcus Poteete is a Wealth Manager and joined Scharf Investments in 2024. He was born in 1986 and earned a Bachelor of Arts degree in Telecommunication, Information Studies, and Media from the Michigan State University in 2009.

Prior to joining Scharf Investments Mr. Poteete worked with high-net-worth individuals and families across a broad range of needs at Transition Wealth Advisors, a financial planning and investment advisory firm in San Jose, California from 2023-2024. Prior that role he worked as a Financial Consultant at Charles Schwab where he worked with both high-net worth and ultra-high net worth clients on portfolio management activities including wealth management, retirement planning, asset allocation and estate planning from 2018-2023. Mr. Poteete began his career at Edward Jones as a Financial Advisor at their Santa Cruz, California branch in 2016.

*The Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) charter is a professional designation established in 1962 and awarded by CFA Institute. To earn the CFA charter, candidates must pass three sequential, six-hour examinations over two to four years. The three levels of the CFA Program test a wide range of investment topics, including ethical and professional standards, fixed-income analysis, alternative and derivative investments, and portfolio management and wealth planning. In addition, CFA charter holders must have at least four years of acceptable professional experience in the investment decision-making process and must commit to abide by, and annually reaffirm, their adherence to the CFA Institute Code of Ethics and Standards of Professional Conduct.

** I am certified for financial planning services in the United States by Certified Financial Planner Board of Standards, Inc. ("CFP Board"). Therefore, I may refer to myself as a CERTIFIED FINANCIAL PLANNER™ professional or a CFP® professional, and I may use these and CFP Board's other certification marks (the "CFP Board Certification Marks"). The CFP® certification is voluntary. No federal or state law or regulation requires financial planners to hold the CFP® certification. You may find more information about the CFP® certification at www.CFP.net.

CFP® professionals have met CFP Board's high standards for education, examination, experience, and ethics. To become a CFP® professional, an individual must fulfill the following requirements:

- Education – Earn a bachelor's degree or higher from an accredited college or university and complete CFP Board-approved coursework at a college or university through a CFP Board Registered Program. The coursework covers the financial planning subject areas CFP Board has determined are necessary for the competent and professional delivery of financial planning services, as well as a comprehensive financial plan development capstone course. A candidate may satisfy some of the coursework requirement through other qualifying credentials. CFP Board implemented the bachelor's degree or higher requirement in 2007 and the financial planning development capstone course requirement in March 2012. Therefore, a CFP®

professional who first became certified before those dates may not have earned a bachelor's or higher degree or completed a financial planning development capstone course.

- Examination – Pass the comprehensive CFP® Certification Examination. The examination is designed to assess an individual's ability to integrate and apply a broad base of financial planning knowledge in the context of real-life financial planning situations.
- Experience – Complete 6,000 hours of professional experience related to the personal financial planning process, or 4,000 hours of apprenticeship experience that meets additional requirements.
- Ethics – Satisfy the Fitness Standards for Candidates for CFP® Certification and Former CFP® Professionals Seeking Reinstatement and agree to be bound by CFP Board's Code of Ethics and Standards of Conduct ("Code and Standards"), which sets forth the ethical and practice standards for CFP® professionals.

Individuals who become certified must complete the following ongoing education and ethics requirements to remain certified and maintain the right to continue to use the CFP Board Certification Marks:

- Ethics – Commit to complying with CFP Board's Code and Standards. This includes a commitment to CFP Board, as part of the certification, to act as a fiduciary, and therefore, act in the best interests of the client, at all times when providing financial advice and financial planning. CFP Board may sanction a CFP® professional who does not abide by this commitment, but CFP Board does not guarantee a CFP® professional's services. A client who seeks a similar commitment should obtain a written engagement that includes a fiduciary obligation to the client.
- Continuing Education – Complete 30 hours of continuing education every two years to maintain competence, demonstrate specified levels of knowledge, skills, and abilities, and keep up with developments in financial planning. Two of the hours must address the Code and Standards.

Item 3. Disciplinary Information

Not applicable.

Item 4. Other Business Activities

Not applicable.

Item 5. Additional Compensation

Some of the supervised individuals found in Item 2 receive compensation equal to a percentage of the Management Fees paid to Scharf by clients referred by that supervised person. In addition to this compensation, Scharf may pay additional bonuses to these individuals from time to time.

Item 6. Supervision

Jason Marcus serves as Chief Compliance Officer of Scharf and can be reached at 831-429-6513. As Chief Compliance Officer, he is responsible for the supervision of the Firm's supervised persons by monitoring their compliance with Scharf's Statement of Policies and Procedures, including its Code of Ethics. Brian Krawez, the Firm's President, whose telephone number is 831-429-6513, monitors the securities transactions that each supervised person enters into on behalf of clients, generally using the review process described in Item 13 of Scharf's Brochure. Mr. Krawez is responsible for overseeing any conflicts between Mr. Marcus and the Firm.

Item 7. Requirements for State-Registered Advisers

Not Applicable.