### SFDR Statement

Principal Adverse Sustainability Impacts (PASI) Statement

Citibank Europe plc (Luxembourg Branch) LEI: N1FBEDJ5J41VKZLO2475 30 June 2025 (for financial year 2024)



#### Citi Global Wealth Investments

### Summary

Citibank Europe plc (Luxembourg Branch) (LEI: N1FBEDJ5J41VKZLO2475) considers principal adverse impacts ("PAIs") of its investment decisions on sustainability factors in relation to certain portfolios, as set out below. The present statement is the consolidated statement on PAIs on sustainability factors of Citi Investment Management (CIM) that provides portfolio management services. Where it provides these services through Citibank Europe plc (Luxembourg Branch) that entity will be a financial market participant under the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR). This statement on principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors covers the reference period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024, and includes a comparison against the previous reference periods.

CIM has not and does not integrate consideration of PAIs broadly at the entity level in its investment process, nor has CIM planned any actions aiming to mitigate PAIs or set targets in relation to the PAIs disclosed in the statement. However, in relation to certain specific portfolios (ESG Focus Portfolios, and MACS ESG Portfolios), as described below, certain PAI were considered in the investment process on a limited basis, through the application of exclusionary criteria that map across to the relevant PAIs (wholly or partly), or through the application of screening processes capturing investments identified as exhibiting favourable Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) ratings which may be influenced by or linked to certain PAIs, or through investments in Article 8 funds with sustainable investments ("Article 8+ funds") or Article 9 funds, which are required to take into account PAI indicators in their investment decision making process for sustainable investments.

The specific PAIs considered through the exclusionary criteria described above (details described further in this statement), were: i) PAI 4: Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector, ii) PAI 10: Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, and iii) PAI 14: Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons). However, the potential mitigation of their impacts is limited to the portfolios that consider them as part of their investment process, and therefore, have limited impact on the entirety of CIM's holdings. CIM has not planned any PAI-related actions, or set PAI-related targets, and more generally acknowledging CIM's limited investee engagement capabilities (i.e. given the relatively small stakes held in investee companies), CIM is not in a position to predict whether the PAIs will increase or decrease for the next reporting year.

As noted above, CIM's consideration of PAIs on sustainability factors, in our investment processes is currently limited to certain portfolios only, and being a global investment management organization, and due to the nature of the Private Bank business, CIM aims to deliver investment solutions designed to meet clients objectives, within the regulatory framework where it operates. CIM currently uses PAI data included in this statement for regulatory disclosure purposes only.



### Summary (continuing)

The ability to source detailed and reliable ESG data on investee companies remains an ongoing challenge in the market. CIM's methodology to identify PAIs relies on a third party data provider (MSCI) which is a well established specialist in sourcing such data, and which can source such data in a more efficient manner and granular level than CIM could at this point in time. CIM does not currently supplement third party data with proprietary analysis for the purpose of this statement and therefore relies on the methodologies for data collection, estimation and computation used by the data provider.

Where PAI data is unavailable for an investment, CIM understands MSCI uses a reweighting approach – i.e. instead of assuming that the adverse impact is zero or to exclude the relevant investment from the PAI figures disclosed below, for PAI indicators based on quantitative data, MSCI will seek to fill such data gaps by assigning values to the investments with missing data based on the average of the PAI data for investments for which the data is available in certain indicators. This estimation methodology may not be accurate, representative or otherwise reflective of the actual PAI values of the investments for which the data has been estimated, and may implicitly assume that the average indicator value for the issuers of the securities that do report data is representative of the investments in the portfolio for which there is no information. For PAI indicators based on qualitative data, adverse impacts are identified by MSCI using data reported by, or about, the investee company. However, where such data is not available, this will be interpreted by the MSCI methodology as indicative (i.e. not conclusively nor necessarily accurately) of there being no adverse impact.

Data was available for approximately 76% of the in-scope portfolio across all PAIs, and for the remaining 24% no data was available. MSCI has re-weighted the exposures from the available data, only in relation to the PAIs below, to estimate exposures where data was not available.

#### Indicators applicable to investments in investee companies

- 1. GHG Emissions
- 2. Carbon Footprint
- 3. GHG intensity of investee companies
- 5. Share of non-renewable energy consumption and production
- 6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector
- 8. Emissions to water
- 9. Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio
- 12. Unadjusted gender pay gap
- 13. Board gender diversity



#### Citi Global Wealth Investments

### Summary (continuing)

<u>Indicators applicable to investments in sovereigns and supranationals</u>
15. GHG Intensity

Additional indicators for social and employee, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters 23. Average political stability score

For the purposes of this statement, all securities managed by CIM on a discretionary basis are included in the "current value of all investments" (this being the denominator figure that is used to calculate certain PAI metrics (e.g. GHG intensity figures) with the exception of the following: cash; cash-equivalent assets; derivatives and other assets held in portfolios that are not being used to directly or indirectly fund investments in investee companies or sovereigns but rather for non-investment purposes such as portfolio management. CIM also considers the exclusion of Cash to be a more conservative approach, given this makes the denominator figure smaller, and in turn the overall PAIs scores larger.

CIM's processes and governance framework are reviewed as required by current best practices, regulators and/or client expectations, and to ensure compliance with current laws and regulations. CIM may revisit the approach taken in this PAIs statement (on one or more points) in due course.



In the PAIs in the tables below where CIM has not listed any specific actions under the "Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period" column, we have not considered them as part of our investment process for the reference period. We also have not established targets or taken material actions aiming for their mitigation in the reference period because broad PAIs consideration is not part of our current entity-level strategy, and no product-specific investment process considered these PAIs in their investment processes.

In the other PAIs (PAI 4, 10, 14, as detailed further below in the report), where we have listed the actions taken in the in the period under the column "Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period", those are generally considered (Partly or Wholly) as part of certain product-specific investment processes which promote ESG characteristics and therefore, their consideration is limited to the assets managed under those strategies only. Since the scope of their consideration is in relation to those products only, we do not aim to mitigate their metrics in this report by establishing targets or taking material actions.



					Indicators applic	able to investme	nts in investee companies	
ıstaina	bility Indicator	Metric	Impact				Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
ce period			2024 (n)	2023 (n-1)	2022 (n-2)	YoY % (n / n-1)		
					CLIMATE AND O	THER ENVIRONM	ENT-RELATED INDICATORS	
se ons	1. GHG Emissions	Scope 1 GHG emissions	178'363.11	150'787.56	141′741.95	18.29%	Sum of portfolio companies' Carbon Emissions - Scope 1 (tCO2e) weighted by the portfolio's value of investment in a company and by the company's most recently available enterprise value including cash.	
		Scope 2 GHG emissions	34'419.95	23′705.27	26′072.58	45.20%	Sum of portfolio companies' Carbon Emissions - Scope 2 (tCO2e) weighted by the portfolio's value of investment in a company and by the company's most recently available enterprise value including cash.	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process
		Scope 3 GHG emissions	1'462'027.62	1'071'732.98	1'180'509.09	36.42%	Sum of portfolio companies' Scope 3 - Total Emission Estimated (tCO2e) weighted by the portfolio's value of investment in a company and by the company's most recently available enterprise value including cash.	for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the next reference period.
		Total GHG emissions	1'670'967.55	1′246′234.84	1′349′705.17	34.08%	The total annual Scope 1, Scope 2, and estimated Scope 3 GHG emissions associated with the market value of the portfolio. Companies' carbon emissions are apportioned across all outstanding shares and bonds (based on the most recently available enterprise value including cash).	
	2. Carbon Footprint	Carbon Footprint	439.02	551.21	627.39	-20.35%	The total annual Scope 1, Scope 2, and estimated Scope 3 GHG emissions associated with 1 million EUR invested in the portfolio. Companies' carbon emissions are apportioned across all outstanding shares and bonds (based on the most recently available enterprise value including cash).	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the next reference period.
	3. GHG intensity of investee companies	GHG Intensity of investee companies	865.22	1′029.60	938.52	-15.97%	The portfolio's weighted average of its holding issuers' GHG Intensity (Scope 1, Scope 2 and estimated Scope 3 GHG emissions/EUR million revenue).	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the next reference period.
	4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector	Share of investments in companies active in the fossil fuel sector	9.15%	11.67%	12.13%	-21.59%	The percentage of the portfolio's market value exposed to issuers with fossil fuels related activities, including extraction, processing, storage and transportation of petroleum products, natural gas, and thermal and metallurgical coal.	CIM considers this PAI in certain specific portfolios* only, in a limited manner, through the application of exclusion criteria that map across to this PAI (partly). By excluding companies with a certain level of activity in the fossil fuel sector, CIM mitigates the overall impact in this PAI. CIM will continue to consider this PAI in certain specific portfolios through their exclusions, but has not established any targets for the next reference period.
	5. Share of non-renewable energy consumption and production	Share of non-renewable energy consumption and non-renewable energy production of investee companies from non-renewable energy sources compared to renewable energy sources, expressed as a percentage of total energy sources	64.07%	67.74%	74.23%		The portfolio's weighted average of issuers' energy consumption and/or production from non-renewable sources as a percentage of total energy used and/or generated.	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the next reference period.



	Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector	0.22	0	0.95	N/A	NACE Code A (Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing) The portfolio's weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity (GwH/million EUR revenue) for issuers classified within NACE Code A	
		1.95	0.99	1.66	96.97%	NACE Code B (Mining and Quarrying) The portfolio's weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity (GwH/million EUR revenue) for issuers classified within NACE Code B	
		0.31	0.44	1.12	-29.55%	NACE Code C (Manufacturing) The portfolio's weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity (GwH/million EUR revenue) for issuers classified within NACE Code C	
		4.98	7.05	8.25	-29.36%	NACE Code D (Electricity, Gas, Steam and Air Conditioning Supply) The portfolio's weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity (GwH/million EUR revenue) for issuers classified within NACE Code D	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the next reference period.
6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector		0.92	0.41	1.28	124.39%	NACE Code E (Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management and Remediation Activities) The portfolio's weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity [GwH/million EUR revenue) for issuers classified within NACE Code E	
		0.16	0.3	0.15	-46.67%	(GwH/million EUR revenue) for issuers classified within NACE Code F	
		0.27	0.22	0.22	22.73%	NACE Code G (Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles) The fund's weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity [GwH/million EUR revenue] for issuers classified within NACE Code G	
		0.97	0.41	0.69	136.59%	NACE Code H (Transportation and Storage) The portfolio's weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity (GwH/million EUR revenue) for issuers classified within NACE Code H	
		0.29	0.19	0.39	52.63%	NACE Code L (Real Estate Activities) The portfolio's weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity (GwH/million EUR revenue) for issuers classified within NACE Code L	
7. Activities negatively affecting bio diversity-sensitive areas	Share of investments in investee companies with sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity-sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas	10.64%	0.12%	0.16%	8766.67%	The percentage of the portfolio's market value exposed to issuers' that reported having operations in or near biodiversity sensitive areas and have been implicated in controversies with severe or very severe impacts on the environment.	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the next reference period.
8. Emissions to water	Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	0.02	0.27	287.2	-92.59%	The total annual wastewater discharged (metric tons reported) into surface waters as a result of industrial or manufacturing activities associated with 1 million EUR invested in the portfolio. Companies' water emissions are apportioned across all outstanding shares and bonds (based on the most recently available enterprise value including cash).	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the next reference period.
9. Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio	Tonnes of hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	1.37	1.02	3.88	34.31%	The total annual hazardous waste (metric tons reported) associated with 1 million EUR invested in the portfolio. Companies' hazardous waste is apportioned across all outstanding shares and bonds (based on the most recently available enterprise value including cash).	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the next reference period.
	7. Activities negatively affecting bio diversity-sensitive areas 8. Emissions to water 9. Hazardous waste and radioactive	6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector  7. Activities negatively affecting bio diversity-sensitive areas  8. Emissions to water  9. Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio  million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector  Share of investments in investee companies with sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity-sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas  Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average  Tonnes of hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated by investee companies per million EUR investee, expressed as a weighted	6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector  Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector  5. Activities negatively affecting bio diversity-sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas  Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted diversity waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested by investee despread of adioactive waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted	million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector  million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector  0.16 0.3  0.27 0.22  0.97 0.41  0.29 0.19  That investee companies with sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity-sensitive areas  Tonnes of emissions to water  Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR investee, expressed as a weighted average  Tonnes of hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated by investee, expressed as a weighted invested, expressed as a weighted invested.	1.95 0.99 1.66  1.95 0.99 1.66  0.31 0.44 1.12  4.98 7.05 8.25  Energy consumption intensity per million EUR companies, per high impact climate sector  6. Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR companies, per high impact climate sector  0.16 0.3 0.15  0.27 0.22 0.22  0.97 0.41 0.69  0.29 0.19 0.39  7. Activities negatively affecting bio diversity-sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies megatively affect those areas  Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average  9. Hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average of the services of the services companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average of the services of	1.95 0.99 1.66 96.97%  0.31 0.44 1.12 -29.55%  4.98 7.05 8.25 -29.36%  4.98 7.06 8.25 -29.36%  4.98 7.06 8.25 -29.36%  6. Energy consumption in EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector  0.16 0.3 0.15 -46.67%  0.27 0.22 0.22 22.73%  0.97 0.41 0.69 136.59%  0.29 0.19 0.39 52.63%  7. Activities negatively affecting blo diversity-sensitive areas blockward in or near to biodiversity-sensitive areas blockward in or near to biodiversity-sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas  Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR investee, expressed as a weighted average  9. Hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated by investee companies per million EUR investee, expressed as a weighted	2.22 0 0 0.95 M/A The portfolic's weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity (Gowt/million EUR revenue) for issuers classified within NACE Code A 1.15 0.99 1.66 96.78 NACE Code B (Mining and Quarrying) (The portfolic) weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code B (Mining and Quarrying) (The portfolic) weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code B (Mining and Quarrying) (The portfolic) weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code B (Mining and Quarrying) (The portfolic) weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code B 1.12 (The portfolic) weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The portfolic) weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The portfolic) weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The portfolic) weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The portfolic) weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The portfolic) weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The portfolic) weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The portfolic) weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The portfolic) weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The portfolic) weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The portfolic) weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The fund weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The fund weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The fund weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The fund weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The fund weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The fund weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The fund weighted average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The fund weighted Average of Energy Consumption Intensity Code D 1.12 (The fund weighted Average of Energy Consumption Intensity Co



	<u> </u>		IND	ICATORS FOR SOC	CIAL AND EMPLOY	EE, RESPECT FOR	HUMAN RIGHTS, ANTI-CORRUPTION AND ANTI-BRIBERY MATTERS	
Social and employee matters	10. Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECO) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Share of investments in investee companies that have been involved in violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	0.09%	0.23%	1.30%	-60.87%	The percentage of the portfolio's market value exposed to issuers with very severe controversies related to the company's operations and/or products.	CIM considers this PAI in certain specific portfolios* only, in a limited manner, through the application of exclusion criteria that map across to this PAI (wholly). By excluding companies flagged as 'non-compliant' with UNGC Principles or are regarded as UNGC Violators, CIM mitigates the overall impact in this PAI. CIM will continue to consider this PAI in certain specific portfolios through their exclusions, but has not established any targets for the next reference period.
	11. Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Share of investments in investee companies without policies to monitor compiliance with the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises or grievance/ complaints handling mechanisms to address violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	0.98%	46.52%	47.83%	-97.89%	The percentage of the portfolio's market value exposed to issuers that are not signatories in the UN Global Compact.	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the next reference period.
	12. Unadjusted gender pay gap	Average unadjusted gender pay gap of investee companies	11.65%	15.43%	15.17%	-24.50%	The portfolio holdings' weighted average of the difference between the average gross hourly earnings of male and female employees, as a percentage of male gross earnings.	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the next reference period.
		Average ratio of female to male board members in investee companies, expressed as a percentage of all board members	36.20%	34.88%	33.21%	3.78%	The portfolio holdings' weighted average of the ratio of female to male board members.	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the next reference period.
	14. Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)	Share of investments in investee companies involved in the manufacture or selling of controversial weapons	0.23%	0.37%	0.30%	-37.84%	The percentage of the portfolio's market value exposed to issuers with an industry tie to landmines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons or biological weapons. Note: Industry ties includes ownership, manufacturing and investments. Ties to landmines do not include related safety products.	CIM considers this PAI in certain specific portfolios* only, in a limited manner, through the application of exclusion criteria that map across to this PAI (wholly) by excluding companies with a direct or indirect association with manufacturing or distributing Controversial Weapons (applicable to ESG Focus Portfolios), or (partly) by excluding companies that derive any revenue from the production, sale, and /or transfer of antipersonnel landmines or cluster bombs (applicable to GTP), CIM mitigates the overall impact in this PAI. CIM will continue to consider this PAI in certain specific portfolios through their exclusions, but has not established any targets for the next reference period.



					Indicators ap	plicable to inves	tments in sovereigns and supranationals			
Adverse Sustainability Indicator Metric I			Impact				Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period		
Reference perio	Reference period			2024 (n) 2023 (n-1) 2022 (n-2)			/% (n / n-1)			
Environmental	15. GHG Intensity	GHG intensity of investee countries	262.67 289.48 4		415.62	-9.26%	issuers' GHG Emissions Intensity (Scope 1, 2 and 3	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the next reference period.		
Social	16. Investee countries subject to social violations	Number of investee countries subject to social violations (absolute number and relative number divided by all investee countries) as referred to in	8		8.00	N/A	The portfolio's number of unique sovereign issuers with European External Action Service (EEAS) restrictive measures (sanctions) on imports and exports	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the next		
		investee countries), as referred to in international treaties and conventions, United Nations principles and, where applicable, national law	7.27%	0.00%	7.05%	N/A	The portfolio's percentage of unique sovereign issuers with European External Action Service (EEAS) restrictive measures (sanctions) on imports and exports	reference period.		



				А	dditional clima	te and other	nvironment-r	elated indicators	
Adverse Sustai	nability Indicator	Metric	Impact				Explanati	on	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
Reference peri	od		2024 (n)	2023 (n-1) 2	022 (n-2)	YoY % (n / n-	1)		
				ı	ndicators applic	cable to inves	tments in inve	stee companies	
				(	CLIMATE AND O	THER ENVIRO	NMENT-RELAT	TED INDICATORS	
Water, waste and material emissions	9. Investments in companies producing chemicals	Share of investments in investee companies the activities of which f under Division 20.2 of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1893/2006	all 0.01%	0.00%	0.02%		N/A classified	ntage of the portfolio's market value exposed to issuers as manufacturers of pesticides and other agrochemical products Group (NACE Group Code 20.2).	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the next reference period.
	1		1		Indicators ap	plicable to in	vestments in s	overeigns and supranationals	
Green securities	17. Share of bonds not issued unde Union legislation on environmenta sustainable bonds	r Share of bonds not issued under Unilly legislation on environmentally sustainable bonds	nion N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A Not curre	ntly available	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the next reference period.
			Addi	itional indicators for s	social and emplo	yee, respect fo	or human rights	anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters	
			INDICAT	ORS FOR SOCIAL AND	EMPLOYEE, RES	PECT FOR HUM	IAN RIGHTS, AN	TI-CORRUPTION AND ANTI-BRIBERY MATTERS	
Adverse Sustain	ability Indicator		mpact					Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
		2	(024 (n)	2023 (n-1)	2022 (n-2)		oY % (n / n-1)	in investee companies	
Anti-corruption and anti- bribery	17. Number of convictions and amount of fines for violation of anticorruption and anti-bribery laws	Numbers of convictions and amount of fines for violations of anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws by investee companies	2658		41	149.5	6382.93%	The sum of number of convictions against the portfolio's holdings fo violation of anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws.	CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process  for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the nex
			970'777'968'350.27	9′854′414′95	5.95 26'43	80'914'315.62	9751.20%	The sum of fines for convictions against the portfolio's holdings relat a violation of anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws.	and the second s
	1	'			Indicators a	pplicable to in	vestments in so	vereigns and supranationals	
Governance	23. Average political stability score	Measure of the likelihood that the current regime will be overthrown by the use of force using a quantitative indicator explained in the explanation column	7.45	,	6.75	6.56	10.37%		is d that nal or CIM does not, and has not considered this PAI as part of its investment process n; and for the reference period, and has not established targets, or actions, for the nex reference period.



### Other indicators for principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors

CIM has selected the following voluntary PAIs (further details are set out in the tables above). However, CIM has not established any targets or actions to avoid or reduce these PAIs.

- (Table 2) 9. Investments in companies producing chemicals
- (Table 2) 17. Share of bonds not issued under Union legislation on environmentally sustainable bonds
- (Table 3) 17. Number of convictions and amount of fines for violation of anticorruption and anti-bribery laws
- (Table 3) 23. Average political stability score



# Description of policies to identify and prioritise principal adverse sustainability impacts on sustainability factors

CIM has a policy on how it identifies and prioritises the PAIs and indicators (the 'PAI Policy') - however as set out below, CIM currently considers PAIs in a limited manner only. The PAI Policy was approved by CIM's Governance body, and by the Citibank Europe Plc (Luxembourg Branch) governing body on 24 February 2023, and no material updates have been made to the PAI policy during the reference period. As CIM's consideration of PAIs is through exclusionary/negative and positive screens for certain portfolios only (see below) the mandatory elements of the PAI Policy are subject to CIM's relevant implementation procedures, oversight, and controls. In relation to all strategies where the portfolio management service is provided by Citibank Europe plc (Luxembourg Branch), CIM has identified PAIs by using third party data on PAIs for the purposes of the preparation of the regulatory disclosure in the annual statement on PAIs. The impacts and the PAI indicators are not assessed directly by CIM, other than as set out below.

Pursuant to the PAI Policy, CIM currently considers PAIs in a limited manner, in relation to certain specific portfolios only (ESG Focus Portfolios, and MACS ESG Portfolios):

- For ESG Focus Portfolios, certain PAIs are considered through the application of binding exclusions. The exclusionary criteria cover activities-based exclusions (e.g. alcohol; gambling; tobacco etc.), as well as companies which are non-compliant with the UN Global Compact and which have a direct or indirect exposure to controversial weapons. The activities-based exclusions map across to the themes covered by those PAIs (wholly or partly). Additionally, ESG Focus Portfolios apply screening processes capturing investments that have been identified as exhibiting favourable ESG ratings which may be influenced by or linked to certain PAIs.
- For MACS ESG Portfolios (which invest in Article 8, Article 8 with sustainable investments ("8+") and Article 9 funds), in relation to any Article 8+ and Article 9 funds which are selected for inclusion in the ESG MACS Portfolios, CIM relies on the relevant third-party manager's consideration of PAI indicators in its investment processes since Article 8+ (for the 'sustainable investment' portion only) and Article 9 funds are required under SFDR to take into account PAIs for 'do no significant harm' assessments. The portfolio therefore indirectly considers such PAI indicators by investing in these third-party managed funds. However, as there is no minimum allocation to Article 8+ or Article 9 funds, ESG MACS portfolios cannot commit to indirectly considering PAIs on sustainability factors.



# Description of policies to identify and prioritise principal adverse sustainability impacts on sustainability factors (continuing)

In addition to the mandatory PAIs applicable to CIM, CIM has selected additional PAIs for each type of investment within its financial products, based on the observation of the largest coverages in terms of availability amongst the universe of voluntary PAIs (as listed in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1288) related to our entire universe of investments. These additional PAIs are included in the tables above.

CIM has identified PAIs in respect of its portfolio management activities conducted through Citibank Europe PIc, Luxembourg Branch by collecting data on the PAIs, where available, which may include data from third-party providers. As the use of third-party data is embedded in CIM's investment process, CIM takes care in selecting data providers.

CIM does not currently prioritise PAIs at the entity level. However, in relation to certain specific portfolios only (ESG Focus Portfolios), CIM has prioritised the consideration of the following PAIs through the portfolios' specific exclusions:

- (Table 1) 4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector: CIM considers this PAI through the application of exclusion criteria (applicable to ESG Focus Portfolios) that map across to this PAI (partly) by excluding companies with more than 10% revenue from production or distribution of the following Fossil Fuel Categories:
- l. Thermal Coal Generation
- II. Shales Gas Production
- III. Shale Oil Production
- IV. Oil Sands
- V. Arctic Oil and Gas
- (Table 1) 10. Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises: CIM considers this PAI through the application of exclusion criteria (applicable to ESG Focus Portfolios) that map across to this PAI (wholly) by excluding companies flagged as 'non-compliant' with UNGC Principles or are regarded as UNGC Violators.



# Description of policies to identify and prioritise principal adverse sustainability impacts on sustainability factors (continuing)

• (Table 1) 14. Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons): CIM considers this PAI through the application of exclusion criteria that map across to this PAI (wholly) by excluding companies with a direct or indirect association with manufacturing or distributing Controversial Weapons (applicable to ESG Focus Portfolios). CIM's current strategy does not aim to take material actions in mitigating any PAIs in this statement, nor in improving the consideration of PAIs in the strategies currently offered.

Currently, CIM derives its data from two principal sources:

- MSCI, in the context of this statement, is used for all data relating to PAIs metrics here disclosed.
- Sustainalytics data is used part of the investment process of the strategies listed above for screening and exclusion criteria. In the context of this statement, the criteria map out to the PAIs above, however, data from this vendor is not used in this statement.

Neither CIM, nor MSCI, have addressed associated probability of occurrence and the severity of those PAIs within their methodologies. Whilst MSCI has not addressed associated margin of error within their methodologies, this can arise for example in the following circumstances (amongst others):

- Issuer data/information may be non-audited data, incorrect, or stale
- Issuers might not disclose data on certain indicators
- MSCI does not capture the data that Issuers do disclose
- MSCI uses an estimation methodology in some cases where there is missing Issuer data.

When data is not available, CIM understands that, in some cases, the MSCI data package includes estimated metrics, which are based on their proprietary estimation methodology. In particular, where PAI data is unavailable for an investment, MSCI uses a reweighting approach – i.e. instead of assuming that the adverse impact is zero or excluding the relevant investment from the PAI figures disclosed in this statement, for PAI indicators based on quantitative data MSCI will seek to fill data such gaps by assigning values to the investments with missing data based on the average of the PAI data for investments for which the data is and certain indicators. Thus, the data CIM receives from MSCI is a combination of estimated and firm disclosed data. The estimation methodologies used by MSCI (including the reweighting approach described above) may not be accurate, representative or otherwise reflective of the actual PAI values of the investments for which the data has been estimated, and implicitly assume that the average indicator value for the issuers of the securities that do report data is representative of the investments in the portfolio for which there is no information.



# Description of policies to identify and prioritise principal adverse sustainability impacts on sustainability factors (continuing)

Regarding the preparatory process of this disclosure and the PAI figures disclosed in this statement, CIM understands that MSCI will calculate all the impacts from the four quarterly observations at the same time, based on the latest available information on the impacts of the relevant investments. This means, positions held during the year, which are no longer identified in the latest available information (e.g. bonds which have reached their maturity dates) may not be included in the PAI figures disclosed in this statement. CIM expects that this approach only impacts a small proportion of its portfolio.

All estimates have an associated margin of error. The magnitude of these errors will vary depending upon which type of data is being analysed. For example, indicators for which related data is relatively sparse will likely have higher margins of error than indicators for which related data is relatively abundant.

Please see the 'Important Information' section below for further details.



#### Engagement policies

CIM's portfolio management team are continuously monitoring companies and holdings to ensure that they remain appropriate and aligned with their investment mandates. CIM engages with investee companies through our proxy voting preferences, which may direct votes to issues aligned to some sustainability matters.

Meetings may be held with companies to discuss specific results or events as well as more informal dialogue incorporating site visits and other research initiatives. These meetings may cover a range of topics from corporate strategy, risk management, corporate governance, board composition and remuneration issues.

CIM has not taken direct actions related to engagement actions undertaken in the period apart from proxy voting aligned to sustainability matters described above.

Third party managers utilised in investment strategies may engage on matters relating to environmental, social, and corporate governance (ESG) developments as well as enhancements or clarifications to company analysis or process improvements.

If CIM were to become aware of any material issues, either financial or non-financial, it would review the investment thesis to see if this had affected the investment rationale.

#### References to international standards

Currently, CIM does not adhere to specific sustainability-related conduct codes or internationally recognised sustainability-related standards for due diligence and reporting.



#### Citi Global Wealth Investments

### Historical comparison

The overall PAI data coverage from underlying securities dropped from 79% in the previous reference period (i.e. the 2023 statement) to 76%, most likely due to changes in portfolio composition. CIM considers this variation is not material for the preparation of this statement and understanding the principal adverse impacts of CIM's portfolio management activities. The individual PAI metrics, and Year-over-Year (YoY) variation are disclosed in the tables above, and since CIM's consideration of PAIs is limited to certain portfolios only, CIM does not monitor their evolution given they are not broadly considered in our investment process, as previously explained, and therefore no meaningful conclusions can be drawn from the increase or decrease of those figures.

CIM currently uses the PAI data included in this statement for regulatory disclosure purposes only and none of the metrics here disclosed, nor their variation in relation to previous periods, are used as part of our decision making process.



#### Important information

This statement does not constitute an offer or solicitation, including in any jurisdiction where or to any person to whom it would be unauthorised or unlawful to do so. This statement is provided for informational purposes only and should not be construed as investment advice or a direct or indirect offer or solicitation to buy or sell securities. This statement is not intended to be used as a general guide to investing, or as a source of any specific investment recommendations; it makes no implied or express recommendations concerning the manner in which any person's investments should or would be handled, as appropriate investment strategies depend upon factors such as the relevant person's investment objectives and financial circumstances. Views and opinions expressed are for informational purposes only, and do not constitute a recommendation by CIM to buy, sell, or hold any security, product or strategy. This statement should not be relied on in whole or part in making an investment decision, evaluating an investment, or for any other purpose. Views and opinions are current as of the date of this statement and may be subject to change, they should not be construed as investment advice.

ESG data is generally of limited availability, and where available may not necessarily be reliable. Accordingly, CIM currently uses principal adverse impact data sourced from third party data provider (MSCI) as inputs into its ESG processes, including for making the disclosures in this statement. However, such data will also be subject to various limitations, including (inter alia): i) methodological limitations in the thirdparty data provider's methodologies; ii) data lags, data coverage gaps or other issues impacting the quality of the data; iii) the fact that there are divergent ESG-related views, approaches, methodologies and disclosure standards in the market, including among data providers, with respect to the identification, assessment, disclosure or determination of "ESG" factors or indicators and what precise attributes are required for a particular investment, product or asset to be defined as such; iv) the fact that ESG information, including where obtained from thirdparty data providers, is often based on qualitative or subjective assessment, and any one data source may not in itself represent a complete 'picture' for the ESG metric that it represents; v) the fact that such data may be subject to change without any notice of this to CIM by the third-party data provider etc. Furthermore, some of the data that CIM obtains from third-party provider is not obtained directly from investee companies, but rather represents estimated / proxy data that the third-party data provider has prepared using its own proprietary methodologies (e.g. because there is no actual investee company data). Such proprietary methodologies are also subject to various limitations of their own, acknowledging that estimates / proxies are in and of themselves an inexact science. Overall - CIM does not make any representation or warranty as to the completeness or accuracy of any such third-party data (whether actual or estimated), or of data that is generated using this third-party data, including where disclosed in this statement. CIM shall have no liability for any errors or omissions in the information contained in this statement, where such information has been obtained from third parties or not.



### Important information (continuing)

At Citi Private Bank we take your data privacy seriously. To learn more please visit our website: <a href="https://www.privatebank.citibank.com/privacy">https://www.privatebank.citibank.com/privacy</a>

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